

iFACTiodine Fed Advanced Cusp Field Thruster

EASN Conference 2021





This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 870336.

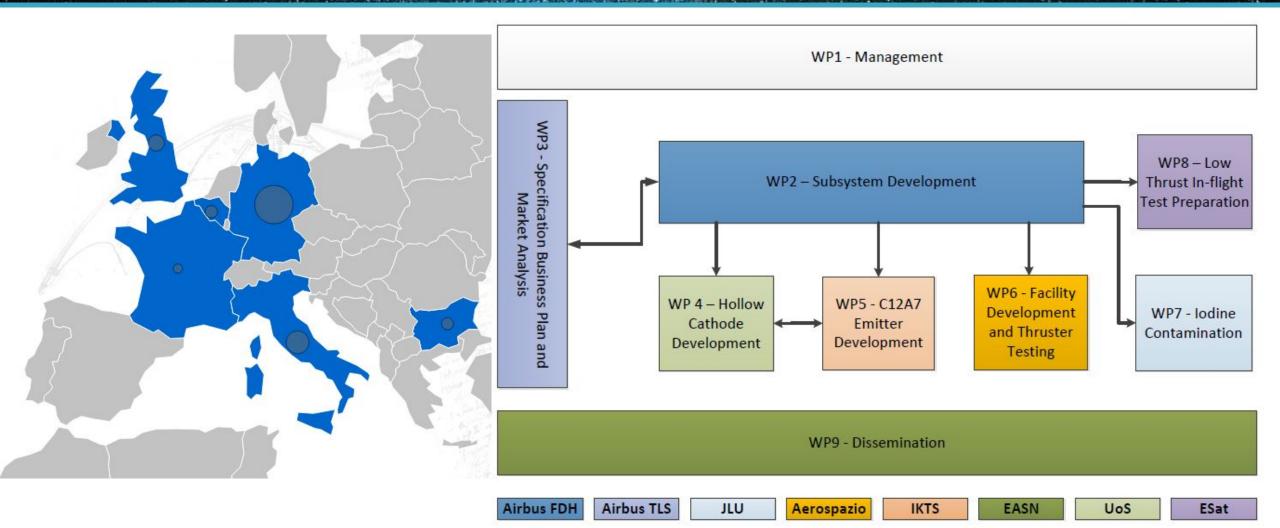
ifacta

Table of Contents

- Introduction
- Programme Objectives
- iFACT Architecture
- Development Status
- Conclusion and Outlook

ifact

iFACT Consortium



iFACT Main Objectives

Our Mission:

- lodine as disruptive propellant for electric thruster
- Maturation of the **Advanced Cusp Field Thruster** (ACFT) as disruptive thruster principle, in three different power classes
- Calcium aluminate (C12A7) as disruptive, low-work function emitter material for cathodes
- Significant reduction and **simplification** of the PPU required
- Establishing an **independent European** long time firing **test facility** which is compatible with iodine.

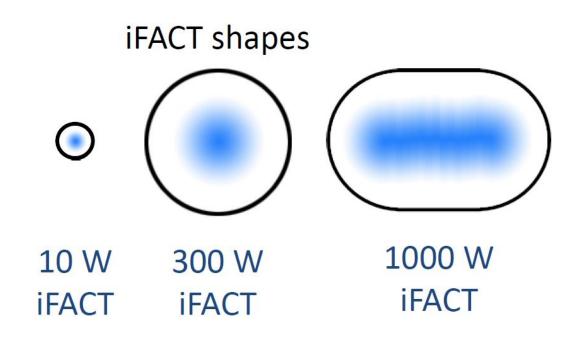
What is the iodine Fed Advanced Cusp Field Thruster

- Thruster principle has been developed by Airbus to create a most simple but Efficient thruster
- Thruster has been tested with iodine, krypton and Xenon
- A most simple PPU has been developed.





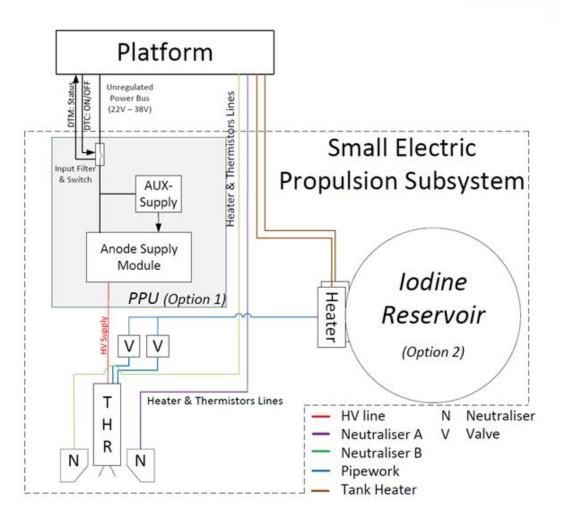
• Within the programme we will demonstrate that it can be used in three different power classes





iFACT System architecture

- Iodine as propellant
 Saves propellant costs and simplifies feeding architecture
- Most simple but efficient EP thruster
 more efficient than other disruptive techs (high lsp and lower PTTR)
- Extremely low subsystem costs
 Cheaper than state of the art technologies
- Use of rad hardened components for the PPU
 disruptive electronic design makes it cheaper but usable even at higher altitudes
- Being disruptive!
 - Focus on 300 W thruster subsystem
 - But:
 - Investigations towards low power (10 W) for CubeSat and flight demonstration
 - And 1000 W subsystem shall be also introduced



iFACT

300 W Overview



- 300 W anode input power
- 12 mN nominal thrust
- 5 % to 135 % throttle range



• Iodine compatible

•

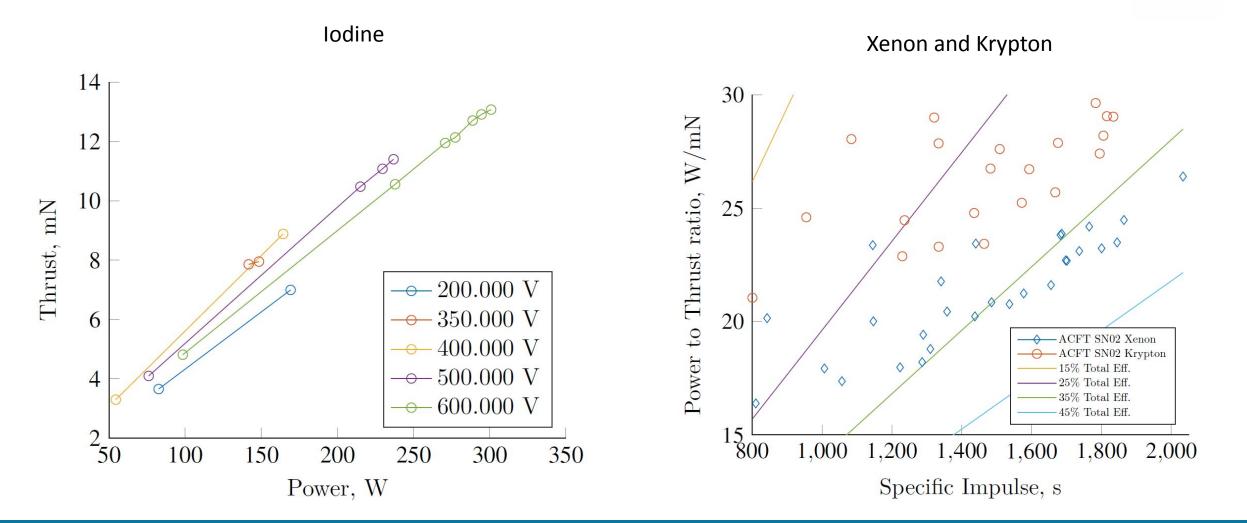
- Clogging free design
- designed for 1 MNs total throughput
- Passive valves do not required electrical actuations

- Iodine compatible design, but krypton fed
- Operable with different low function emitters
 - > 1 A discharge current possible



- Full planar design
- Minimum number of electrical components used
- Input Voltage 28 V to 35 V
- > 92 % efficiency
- > 300 W output power

Performance

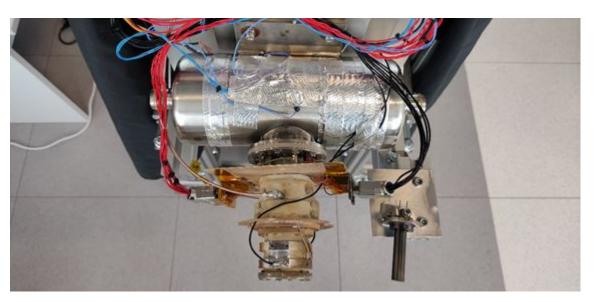


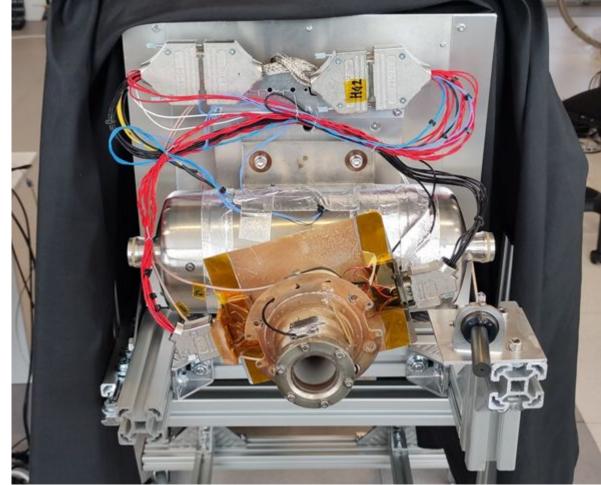
300 W Thruster Endurance Test

Integrated thruster and iodine feeding

IFA

- Shown mounted on the thrust balance
- Tank loaded with 7.32 kg of iodine
- Redundant heaters for valves and tank
- 3x PT100 for each tank and thruster (TMR)



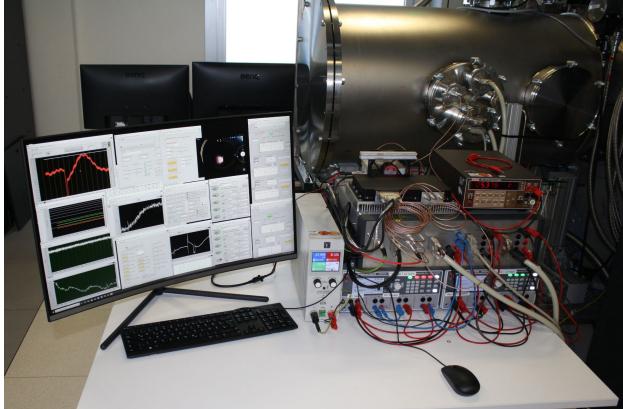


iFACT 300 W Thruster Endurance Test

Thruster operation:

- Thruster control and FDIR handling done in LabView using state machines
- Automatic hourly status updates via email, or immediate message in case of Warning or Error
- Remote control and live view from office
- More than 1400 hours achieved (Status of 29.09.2021)

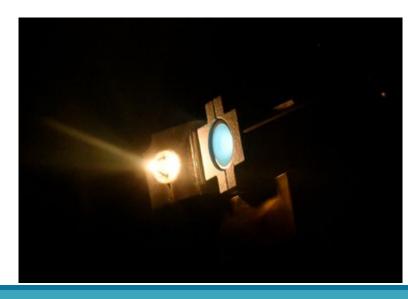




ifact

10 W iFACT Development Status

- 10 W CubeSat Thruster and cathode has been built
 - Designed for 6 U or larger
 - Subsystem fits in a single U
 - Overall Subsystem consumption is up to 30 W and delivers up to 1 mN with an Isp of 1000 s
- Next step:
 - Coupling test with Endurosat Electrical Power System Two
 - Detailed performance measurements



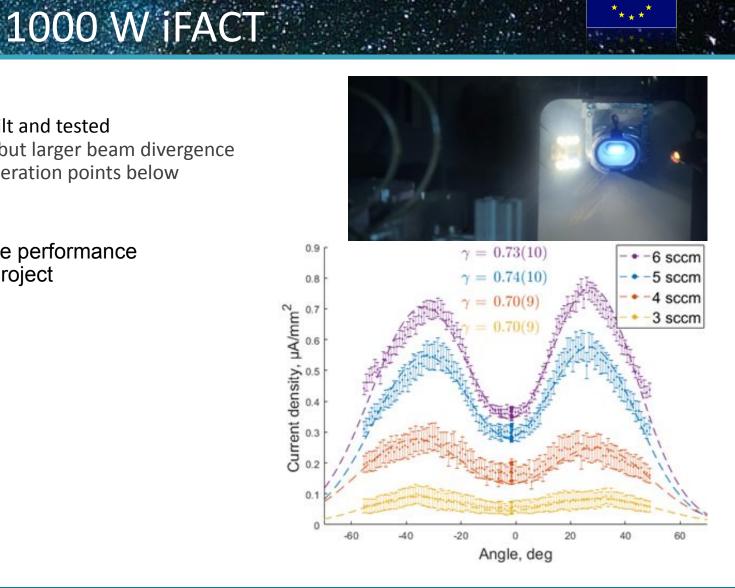


Actual Status: First version of the 1000 W thruster has been built and tested Testing with xenon shows good mass utilization, but larger beam divergence

- Thermal limitations confine measurements to operation points below
- Next Steps:

IFA

- Improvement of magnetic topology to improve performance
- Test of another iteration until the end of the project



ifact

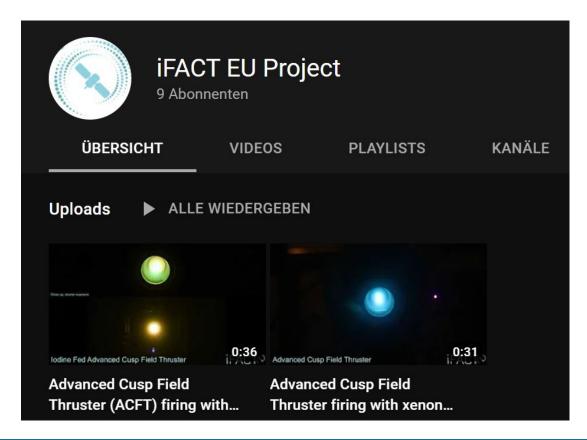
Conclusion and Outlook

- Conclusion:
 - iFACT enables iodine as propellant for electric propulsion
 - Different power classes and subsystem components are being developed
 - In addition material testing and test facility development is executed
 - iFACT power classes are 300 W, 10 W and 1000 W.
 - 300 W, 10 W and 1000 W thruster successfully fired
- Outlook
 - iFACT will be executed until end of 2021
 - A 3000 h endurance testing for the iFACT facility and thruster will be finished until Nov. 2021
 - The 10 W thruster will be coupled to an Endurosat CubeSat platform
 - Iodine hollow cathode testing will be performed
 - A library of iodine compatible material are created until the end of iFACT





https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC6Edpw9u0NOX0IEIMcZWz6w



iFACT



The research leading to these results has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 870336.

This document and all information contained herein is the sole property of the iFACT Consortium or the company referred to in the slides. It may contain information subject to Intellectual Property Rights. No Intellectual Property Rights are granted by the delivery of this document or the disclosure of its content.

Reproduction or circulation of this document to any third party is prohibited without the written consent of the author(s).

The statements made herein do not necessarily have the consent or agreement of the iFACT consortium and represent the opinion and findings of the author(s).

The dissemination and confidentiality rules as defined in the Consortium agreement apply to this document.

All rights reserved